

# TURABIAN DOCUMENTATION

You must cite the words or ideas of others that you use in your research paper in order to (1) give credit to the original source, (2) let your readers judge the accuracy and reliability of your facts, and (3) allow readers to follow your research. Use quotation marks if you use the exact words of the original source. You do not need quotation marks if you paraphrase (restate the idea in your own words), but you still need to cite the source.

Kate Turabian, the dissertation secretary at the University of Chicago for over 30 years, created a guide for students and researchers, based on *The Chicago Manual of Style*. The Turabian manual describes two forms of citation:

- the **Notes-Bibliography Style** (15.3.1, p.142) uses numbered notes to cite
- the **Author-Date Style** (15.3.2, p.143) uses parenthetical, in-text citations

This guide will cover the **Notes-Bibliography Style**. For Notes-Bibliography Style citations, place a superscript number at the ends of sentences containing borrowed information (15.3.1):

According to Fruchtman, Thomas Paine was hailed as a champion of individual liberties in England after the publication of Paine's pamphlet, *Common Sense*.<sup>1</sup>

Cite the source of the information in a corresponding numbered note that provides information about that source and relevant page numbers. Use a new number each time you include a new quote or paraphrase, even if you use only one or two sources. Notes are arranged in numerical order, either at the bottom of the page as **footnotes** or in a list at the end of your paper as **endnotes**. Indent the first line of the note five spaces, or the same number of spaces that you use to indent paragraphs. Notes should be single-spaced with one blank line between notes.

Use the Latin abbreviation **ibid.** (for *ibidem*, "in the same place") to cite a work already cited in the immediately preceding note. Ibid. should be capitalized but not italicized and must end with a period. If a note is for the same work, different page, place a comma after ibid. followed by the page number (16.4.2, p.166-167).

To format your bibliography, leave two spaces between the word "Bibliography" and the first entry. Single-space the sources in your bibliography, leaving a blank line between each entry. The first line of each entry should be aligned to the left margin; if an entry is two lines or longer, each subsequent line should be indented, using a "hanging indent" like this:

Lastname, Firstname. *The Austin Community College Library Guide to Turabian Citations: How to Format with Style.* Austin: ACC Guides, 2018.

To format hanging indents:

<u>In Microsoft Word</u>, highlight the text and click the arrow next to "Paragraph" in the Word toolbar to open the Paragraph menu. Under "Indentation" go to the "Special" drop box, select "Hanging," then click OK. <u>In Google Docs</u>, highlight all but the first line in your citation and use the *increase indent* option on the Google Docs toolbar. Your citation will now have a hanging indent. You can also use the ruler (you may have to make it visible through the View menu) and drag the left margin control over to about five spaces or one-quarter inch.

Examples in this guide show the **Footnote/Endnote** citation first, then the **Bibliography** example. References to sections and page numbers in *A Manual for Writers of Research Papers, Theses, and Dissertations: Chicago Style for Students and Researchers*, 9<sup>th</sup> edition are included for further explanation.

Note and Bibliography Examples (Note examples appear first and are numbered.)

Type of Source	Example
<b>Books</b> (Section 17.1, pp. 171-187)	T
Book with one author	1. David L. Holmes, <i>The Faiths of the Founding Fathers</i> (New York: Oxford University Press, 2006), 64.
Preceding work, same page	2. Ibid.
Preceding work different page	3. Ibid., 82.
Shortened form for note of work already cited, preceded by a different work (16.4.1, p. 164)	4. Holmes, The Faiths of the Founding Fathers, 80.
Bibliography	Holmes, David L. <i>The Faiths of the Founding Fathers</i> . New York: Oxford University Press, 2006.
<b>Book with more than one author</b>	or editor
Footnote or Endnote	5. Dorothy Denneen Volo and James M. Volo, <i>Daily Life during the American Revolution</i> (Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 2003), 42.
Footnote or Endnote Shortened note form, following a	6. Volo and Volo, <i>Daily Life during the American Revolution</i> , 42.
note for a different work.	
Bibliography	Volo, Dorothy Denneen, and James M. Volo. <i>Daily Life during the American Revolution</i> . Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 2003.
<b>Book with four or more authors</b>	
Footnote or Endnote Use et al. after the first author's name	7. Jacquelyn Dowd Hall et al., <i>Like a Family: The Making of a Southern Cotton Mill World</i> (Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 2000), 23-25.
Bibliography List all authors' names	Hall, Jacquelyn Dowd, James Leloudis, Robert Korstad, Mary Murphy, Lu Ann Jones, and Christopher B. Daly. <i>Like a Family: The Making of a Southern Cotton Mill World</i> . Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 2000.
Book with author(s) plus editor (	ed.) or translator (trans.) (17.1.1.1, p. 172)
Footnote or Endnote	8. Alexis de Tocqueville, <i>Democracy in America: and Two Essays on America</i> , trans. Gerald E. Bevan (London: Penguin, 2003), 600.
Bibliography	Tocqueville, Alexis de. <i>Democracy in America: and Two Essays on America</i> . Translated by Gerald E. Bevan. London: Penguin, 2003.
Book with editor, translator, or c	ompiler in place of author (17.1.1.2, p. 172-173)
Footnote or Endnote Use the abbreviations ed. (or eds.), trans. or comp.	9. Jack Goldstone, ed., <i>Who's Who in Political Revolutions</i> (Washington D.C.: Congressional Quarterly, 1999), 119-120.
Bibliography	Goldstone, Jack, ed. <i>Who's Who in Political Revolutions</i> . Washington D.C.: Congressional Quarterly, 1999.
Chapter or other parts of a book	(17.1.8, p. 183-184)
Footnote or Endnote	10. Eric Foner, "Tom Paine's Republic: Radical Ideology and Social Change," in <i>The American Revolution: Explorations in the History of American Radicalism</i> , ed. Alfred F. Young (DeKalb: Northern Illinois University Press, 1976), 189-90.

Bibliography	Foner, Eric. "Tom Paine's Republic: Radical Ideology and Social Change." In <i>The American Revolution: Explorations in the History of American Radicalism</i> , edited by Alfred F. Young, 189-228. DeKalb: Northern Illinois University Press, 1976.
Two or more books by the same a	nuthor
Footnote or Endnote When the work is not the first edition, an edition number or other information (e.g., revised edition) is abbreviated and follows the title in the citation.	11. Eric Foner, <i>Give Me Liberty!: An American History</i> , 3rd ed. (New York: W.W. Norton, 2012), 1:100-101.  12. Eric Foner, <i>The Story of American Freedom</i> (New York: W.W. Norton, 1998), 15-16.
Bibliography Arrange the entries alphabetically by title. After the first entry, replace the author's name with six hyphens (16.2.2, pp. 156-157)	Foner, Eric. Give Me Liberty!: An American History. 3rd ed. New York: W.W. Norton, 2012.  The Story of American Freedom. New York: W.W. Norton, 1998.
Preface, foreword, introduction, o	or similar part of a book (17.1.8, p.183)
Footnote or Endnote	13. Joyce Oldham Appleby, Introduction to <i>Common Sense and Other Writings</i> , by Thomas Paine (New York: Barnes & Noble Classics, 2005), xxxvii.
Bibliography	Appleby, Joyce Oldham. Introduction to <i>Common Sense and Other Writings</i> , by Thomas Paine. New York: Barnes & Noble Classics, 2005.
If you download a book in a format EPUB, Adobe Digital Editions PDF For ebooks without page numbers,	e a URL.  book collection, give the name of the database instead of a URL.  that requires a specific app or device, include that information (e.g.,
Footnote or Endnote	14. Thomas Paine, <i>Rights of Man: Being an Answer to Mr. Burke's Attack on the French Revolution, Part 1</i> , ed. Moncure Daniel Conway (London: G.P. Putnam, 1894), 16-17, http://books.google.com/books?id=GrYBAAAAYAAJ.
Bibliography	Paine, Thomas. Rights of Man: Being an Answer to Mr. Burke's Attack on the French Revolution, Part 1. Edited by Moncure Daniel Conway. London: G.P. Putnam, 1894. http://books.google.com/books?id=GrYBAAAAYAAJ.
Footnote or Endnote	15. Jack Fruchtman, <i>Thomas Paine: Apostle of Freedom</i> (New York: Four Walls Eight Windows, 1996), 450-54, eBooks on EBSCOhost.
Bibliography	Fruchtman, Jack. <i>Thomas Paine: Apostle of Freedom</i> . New York: Four Walls Eight Windows, 1996. eBooks on EBSCOhost.
Footnote or Endnote	16. Thomas Paine, <i>Common Sense</i> (Philadelphia: W. & T. Bradford, February 14, 1776; Project Gutenberg, 2008), chap. 2, http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/147.
Bibliography	Paine, Thomas. <i>Common Sense</i> . Philadelphia: W. & T. Bradford, February 14, 1776; Project Gutenberg, 2008. http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/147.

**Reference Works – Encyclopedias, dictionaries, handbooks, almanacs, atlases, etc.** (Section 17.9, p. 204). "Well-known reference works, such as major dictionaries and encyclopedias, should usually be cited only in notes. You do not need to include them in your bibliography, although you may choose to include a specific work that is critical to your argument or frequently cited. Within the note, you may omit the facts of publication, but you must specify the edition (if not the first, or unless no edition is specified). Items consulted online will require a URL (see 15.4.1.3); for undated items, include an access date (see 15.4.1.5). For a work arranged by key terms such as a dictionary or encyclopedia, cite the item (not the volume or page number) preceded by *s.v.* (for *sub verbo*, meaning "under the word"; pl. *s.vv.*)" (p. 204). Edition and volume numbers in reference works: If volumes are not individually titled (17.1.4.1, p. 178), list the volume number followed by a colon and the page numbers in the Note Form. For reference works in library subscription databases (15.4.1.4, p. 145), list page and volume numbers if available. If the database provides a URL for the source, use the one provided instead of the URL in your browser address bar. A URL based on a DOI is best. If there is no short or direct URL, substitute the name of the database for the URL.

Footnote or Endnote	17. Encyclopaedia Britannica, s.v. "Paine, Thomas (1737–1809)," http://www.britannica.com/EBchecked/topic/438489/Thomas-Paine.
Bibliography	No bibliography entry is needed for well-known reference works.
Footnote or Endnote	18. Mark Grossman, "Paine, Thomas (1737-1809)," in <i>Encyclopedia</i> of the Continental Congresses, (Amenia, NY: Grey House Publishing, 2015), 2:1104-1110, Gale Virtual Reference Library.
Bibliography	Grossman, Mark. "Paine, Thomas (1737–1809)." In <i>Encyclopedia of the Continental Congresses</i> , Vol. 2, 1104-1110. Amenia, NY: Grey House Publishing, 2015. Gale Virtual Reference Library.
Footnote or Endnote	19. Michael Allen Holmes, "Common Sense," in <i>Milestone Documents</i> in <i>American History: Exploring the Primary Sources that Shaped America</i> , ed. Paul Finkelman (Dallas: Schlager Group, 2008), 1:115-121.
Bibliography	Holmes, Michael Allen. "Common Sense." In <i>Milestone Documents in American History: Exploring the Primary Sources that Shaped America</i> . Vols. 1-4, edited by Paul Finkelman. Dallas: Schlager Group, 2008.

**Journals** (17.2, pp. 187-191), **Magazines** (17.3, pp.191-192), **& Newspapers** (17.4, pp. 192-193). For articles consulted online, include an access date and a URL. If articles include a DOI, use that instead of the URL in your browser address bar. If you retrieved the article from a library database, you may give the name of the database instead of a URL. Access dates are not needed for formally published electronic sources (14.12, CMOS, 17th ed.). You can usually omit an initial *The* in journal, magazine, and newspaper titles.

"Journals are scholarly or professional periodicals available primarily in academic libraries and by subscription." (17.2, p. 187).

subscription. (17.2, p. 187).	,
Article from a database	20. Robert Lamb. "The Liberal Cosmopolitanism of Thomas Paine."
Footnote or Endnote	Journal of Politics 76, no. 3 (July 2014): 636-648, Academic Search
	Complete, http://doi.org/10.1017/S0022381614000115.
Bibliography	Lamb, Robert. "The Liberal Cosmopolitanism of Thomas Paine."
	Journal of Politics 76, no. 3 (July 2014): 636-648. Academic Search
	Complete. http://doi.org/10.1017/S0022381614000115.
Article in a print journal	21. Thomas C. Walker, "Two Faces of Liberalism: Kant, Paine, and
Footnote or Endnote	the Question of Intervention," <i>International Studies Quarterly</i> 52, no. 3
	(September 2008): 449.
Bibliography	Walker, Thomas C. "Two Faces of Liberalism: Kant, Paine, and the
	Question of Intervention." <i>International Studies Quarterly</i> 52, no. 3
	(September 2008): 449-468.
	(September 2000). 447–400.

Magazines (17.3, pp.191-192). "Ci	te magazines by date only, even if they are numbered by volume and
	clusive page numbers in a bibliography entry, since magazine articles
	journals, you can omit an initial <i>The</i> from the magazine title."
Article in a print magazine	22. Richard Brookhiser, "Tom Paine. / Collected Writings," <i>National</i>
Footnote or Endnote	Review, May 15, 1995, 65.
Bibliography	Brookhiser, Richard. "Tom Paine. / Collected Writings." <i>National</i>
ынидгарну	Review, May 15, 1995.
Article from a database	23. Barbara Ehrenreich, "Real Patriots Speak Their Minds," <i>Time</i> , July
Footnote or Endnote	8, 1991, 66, Academic Search Complete.
Bibliography	Ehrenreich, Barbara. "Real Patriots Speak Their Minds." <i>Time</i> , July 8, 1991. Academic Search Complete.
Newspaper articles (Sections 17.4	
	* * *
	ers published in other countries, e.g., Le Soleil de Québec, El Mundo. Add
	is not a well-known newspaper like Wall Street Journal or Christian
	ws website can usually be treated similarly. Do not include page numbers
1 1 V	eral editions where items may appear on different pages or may even be
* *	u consulted. Articles from Sunday "magazine" supplements or other
	ne same as magazine articles. (p.193). Newspaper articles may be cited in
	d in a New York Times article on March 30, 2001 ") instead of in a
note, and they are commonly omitte	ed from a bibliography, unless a "specific article is critical to your
argument or frequently cited."	
Article from a database	24. David W. Chen, "Rehabilitating Thomas Paine, Bit by Bony Bit."
Footnote or Endnote	New York Times, March 30, 2001,
a comerc or <b>Enu</b> merc	http://search.proquest.com/docview/431684606?accountid=7013.
Bibliography	Chen, David W. "Rehabilitating Thomas Paine, Bit by Bony Bit." <i>New</i>
σιοιιοςταριίγ	York Times, March 30, 2001.
	http://search.proquest.com/docview/431684606?accountid=7013.
Wahaitaa Dlaga and Casial Madi	a (Sections 17.5 pp. 194-197) "Social media content is normally cited in
	ography. Include a specific item in your bibliography only if it is critical
	d. To cite direct messages and other personal or private content, follow the
guidelines for citing personal comn	
Website Footnote or Endnote	25. Steven Kreis, "Thomas Paine, 1737-1809," <i>The History Guide:</i>
Webpage with author	Lectures on Modern European Intellectual History, last revised May 30,
	2013, http://www.historyguide.org/intellect/paine.html.
Bibliography	Kreis, Steven. "Thomas Paine, 1737-1809." The History Guide: Lectures
If there is no author, list the	on Modern European Intellectual History. Accessed April 20, 2018.
source under the title of the	http://www.historyguide.org/intellect/paine.html.
website or the name of its owner	
or sponsor)	
Blog Footnote or Endnote	26. Kenneth W. Burchell, "On the Bicentennial of the Death of
Blog entries or comments may be	Thomas Paine, June 8, 1809," <i>Thomas Paine Review</i> , accessed April 20,
	-
cited in running text instead of in	2018, http://kenburchell.blogspot.com/p/on-bicentennial-of-death-of-
a note.	thomas.html.
Bibliography	Burchell, Kenneth W. "On the Bicentennial of the Death of Thomas
Blog entries are commonly	Paine, June 8, 1809." Thomas Paine Review. Accessed April 20,
omitted from a bibliography	2018. http://kenburchell.blogspot.com/p/on-bicentennial-of-death-of-
	thomas.html.
Twitter	27. Thomas Paine Society, Twitter post, January 26, 2014 (3:10 p.m.),

https://twitter.com/CitizenPaine.

Gallery of Art, Washington, D.C.

No bibliography entry is needed. These are usually only cited in notes.

28. John Wesley Jarvis, *Thomas Paine*, ca. 1806-1807, National

Footnote or Endnote

Footnote or Endnote

Actual image in a gallery

Visual and Performing Arts (Section 17.10, pp. 206-213)

**Bibliography** 

5

Bibliography	Bibliography entry is usually not needed.
Image in a published source	29. William Sharp, Thomas Paine (engraving), 1793, in Jack
Footnote or Endnote	Fruchtman, <i>Thomas Paine: Apostle of Freedom</i> (New York: Four Walls Eight Windows, 1996), 274, eBooks on EBSCOhost.
Bibliography	Sharp, William. <i>Thomas Paine</i> (engraving), 1793. In Jack Fruchtman, <i>Thomas Paine: Apostle of Freedom</i> . New York: Four Walls Eight Windows, 1996. eBooks on EBSCOhost.
Live performance	30. 1776, by Peter Stone, music and lyrics by Sherman Edwards,
Footnote or Endnote	directed by Cheryl Denson, Lyric Stage, Irving, Texas, October 26, 2012.
Bibliography	Bibliography entry is usually not needed for live performances.
Movies, Television, Radio, and Similar Productions and their recordings -Footnote or Endnote Bibliography	31. Liberty! The American Revolution, directed by Ellen Hovde and Muffie Meyer (KTCA-TV in association with Middlemarch Films, Inc.; Twin Cities Public Television, 1997), DVD, PBS Video, 2004.  Liberty! The American Revolution. Directed by Ellen Hovde and Muffie Meyer. KTCA-TV in association with Middlemarch Films, Inc.; Twin Cities Public Television, 1997. DVD. PBS Video, 2004.
Streaming Media Database	32. <i>To Begin the World Over Again</i> (The Life of Thomas Paine
Footnote or Endnote	Productions, Inc., 2015), 74 min., Kanopy,
	http://austincc.kanopy.com/video/begin-world-over-again.
Bibliography	To Begin the World Over Again. The Life of Thomas Paine Productions, Inc. 2015. 74 min. Kanopy. http://austincc.kanopy.com/video/begin-world-over-again.
TEDx, YouTube Video	33. Alec Loorz, <i>The World in Our Grasp</i> (TEDxYouth@SanDiego,
Footnote or Endnote	YouTube, Dec 14, 2011), 7:37 min., https://youtu.be/OcguzSPuAlo.
Bibliography	Loorz, Alec. <i>The World in Our Grasp</i> . TEDxYouth@SanDiego. YouTube. Dec.14, 2011. 7:37 min. https://youtu.be/OcguzSPuAlo.
YouTube Video	34. Paine vs. Burke, Thom Hartmann Program (YouTube, December
Footnote or Endnote	10, 2013), 9:16 min., http://youtu.be/PjE3xbbj6eI.
Bibliography	Paine vs. Burke. Thom Hartmann Program. YouTube. December 10, 2013. 9:16 min. http://youtu.be/PjE3xbbj6eI.
Sound Recordings	35. "Thomas Paine." Heritage USA, Vol. 2, Part 1: Documents and
Footnote or Endnote	Speeches, read by David Kurlan, text by Charles Edward Smith, produced by Richard Brandon Morris, released 1956. Smithsonian Folkways Recordings, 2004, CD. 2:43 min
Bibliography	"Thomas Paine." <i>Heritage USA, Vol. 2, Part 1: Documents and Speeches.</i> Read by David Kurlan. Text by Charles Edward Smith. Produced by Richard Brandon Morris. Released 1956. Smithsonian Folkways Recordings, 2004. CD. 2:43 min
Video Games and Apps	"To cite video games and apps, adapt the examples on multimedia as needed. Titles of video games, like titles of movies, can be italicized. Include a version number and information about the device or operating system required to run the game or app" (p. 211).
	al Communications (17.6 – 17.7.2, pp. 197-199)
Unpublished lecture Footnote or Endnote	36. Joe Conason, "Thomas Paine Memorial Lecture" (Center for Inquiry, New York, NY, January 21, 2009).
Bibliography	Bibliography entry is usually not needed for unpublished lectures.
Personal communication	37. In a conversation with me, John Jones stated that Thomas
Footnote or Endnote	Paine
Bibliography	Cite conversations, letters, email or text messages, and direct or private messages shared through social media only in notes.

# **Public Documents** (Section 17.9, pp. 206-215)

These vary considerably, and include congressional publications, reports and documents, bills and resolutions, hearings, statutes, presidential publications, publications of government departments and agencies, the US Constitution, treaties, legal cases, state and local government documents, Canadian and British government documents, publications of international bodies, and online public documents. It is best to consult the Turabian manual or *The Chicago Manual of Style* for an example that is similar to the source you are using.

**Notes** (16.3-16.4.3.2, pp. 160-168)

Notes are numbered as they appear in the text of your paper, using the formats in the examples above.

### To insert footnotes:

<u>In Microsoft Word</u>, click in the text to place an insertion point where you are referring to a source used for information. Click on **References** in the top menu, choose **Turabian** from the drop down menu, and then choose **Insert Footnote**. Word will place a superscript number at the insertion point and a short rule between the last line of your text and the first footnote on the page. You can then type in the footnote citation next to the number at the bottom of the page. Repeat this process to add footnotes.

<u>In Google Docs</u> click in the text to place an insertion point where you are referring to a source used for information. Click Insert, then select Footnote from the drop-down menu. Google Docs will place a superscript number in the body of the document, as well as at the bottom of the page. You can then type in the footnote citation. Repeat these steps to add footnotes.

The following is an **Endnote** example. Endnotes are placed on a separate page at the end of your paper, just before your bibliography.

# **Endnotes**

- 1. David L. Holmes, *The Faiths of the Founding Fathers* (New York: Oxford University Press, 2006), 64.
  - 2. Ibid.
- 3. Eric Foner, "Tom Paine's Republic: Radical Ideology and Social Change," in *The American Revolution: Explorations in the History of American Radicalism*, ed. Alfred F. Young (DeKalb: Northern Illinois University Press, 1976), 189-90.
  - 4. Holmes, *The Faiths of the Founding Fathers*, 66.
- 5. Jack Fruchtman, *Thomas Paine: Apostle of Freedom* (New York: Four Walls Eight Windows, 1996), 450-54, eBooks on EBSCOhost.
- 6. Robert Lamb, "The Liberal Cosmopolitanism of Thomas Paine," *Journal of Politics* 76, no. 3 (July 2014): 636-648, http://doi.org/10.1017/S0022381614000115.
  - 7. Eric Foner, The Story of American Freedom (New York: W.W. Norton, 1998), 15-16.

**Bibliographies** (16.2-16.2.2, pp. 155-157)

Please see the Turabian manual for more information on the various types:

- Selected bibliography
- Single-author bibliography
- Annotated bibliography

Your bibliography should be on a separate page at the end of your paper. Create a bibliography entry for each source and arrange entries in alphabetical order by the first word of the work, which could be a person's last name, an organization's name, or the first word of a title (ignore the articles A, An, and The in titles and alphabetize by the next word). Well-known dictionaries and encyclopedias are normally cited only in notes and do not appear in bibliographies, but you may want to include entries from subject-specific encyclopedias.

If you are citing more than one work by the same individual, arrange the entries alphabetically by title (16.2.2, pp. 156-157). After the first entry, replace the author's name with six hyphens.

Single-space the bibliography, leaving one blank line between entries. Use a "hanging indent" style if the entry is more than one line in length, as shown in the Type of Source examples.

The following is an example of a bibliography that lists the sources cited in the notes in alphabetical order.

# **Bibliography**

Burchell, Kenneth W. "On the Bicentennial of the Death of Thomas Paine, June 8, 1809." *Thomas Paine Review*. Accessed April 20, 2018. http://kenburchell.blogspot.com/p/on-bicentennial-of-death-of-thomas.html.

Foner, Eric. "Tom Paine's Republic: Radical Ideology and Social Change." In *The American Revolution:* Explorations in the History of American Radicalism, edited by Alfred F. Young, 189-228. DeKalb: Northern Illinois University Press, 1976.

----. The Story of American Freedom. New York: W.W. Norton, 1998.

Fruchtman, Jack. *Thomas Paine: Apostle of Freedom*. New York: Four Walls Eight Windows, 1996. eBooks on EBSCOhost.

Holmes, David L. The Faiths of the Founding Fathers. New York: Oxford University Press, 2006.

Lamb, Robert. "The Liberal Cosmopolitanism of Thomas Paine." *Journal of Politics* 76, no. 3 (July 2014): 636-648. http://doi.org/10.1017/S0022381614000115.

Liberty! The American Revolution. Directed by Ellen Hovde and Muffie Meyer. KTCA-TV in association with Middlemarch Films, Inc.; Twin Cities Public Television, 1997. DVD. PBS DVD Video, 2004.

If you have a type of source not covered in the examples given, ask the librarian to show you the Turabian manual or see the online guide for more examples: http://library.austincc.edu/help/TURABIAN/.

Turabian, Kate L. A Manual for Writers of Research Papers, Theses, and Dissertations: Chicago Style for Students and Researchers. 9th ed. Revised by Wayne C. Booth, Gregory G. Colomb, Joseph M. Williams, Joseph Bizup, William T. FitzGerald, The University of Chicago Press Editorial Staff. Chicago; London: University of Chicago Press, 2018.

These are available at all campus libraries. Call number: LB2369 .T8 2018.

